

A quick start to using Oscar

Oscar is written in julia

\implies we need to start julia

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⇒ we need to start julia

```
$ julia
```

```
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  ( )    | ( ) ( )
    _ _  _| | _ _ _
  | | | | | | | / _ ' |
  | | | _| | | | ( _| |
 _/ | \ _ _ ' _| | _| \ _ _ ' _|
| _ _/
Documentation: https://docs.julialang.org/en/v1/
Type "?" for help, "]"?" for Pkg help
Version 1.10.10 (2025-06-27)
Official https://julialang.org/
```

```
julia>
```

That was quick!

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Starting Oscar – Step 2: OSCAR

```
julia> using Oscar
```

```
.....
```

This takes a while.

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Starting Oscar – Step 2: OSCAR

```
julia> using Oscar
```

• • • • •

This takes a while.

• • •

```

_ _ _      _ _ _      _ _ _      -       _ _ _
/_ \ \ / _ _ | / _ _ | / \   | _ \   | Combining ANTIC, GAP
| | | |\__ \ |         / _ \ | |_) | | Type "?Oscar" for more
| |_| | __) | | ___ / ___ \ | _<    | Manual: https://docs
\_ _ / |___/ \___/ \___/ \_ \ \_\ \_| \_\ \ 1.3.0-DEV #res_CJS 80

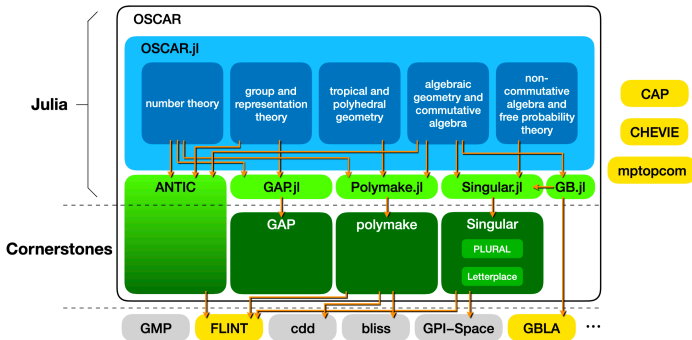
```

```
julia>
```

Now we are all set!

What is Oscar?

<http://oscar-system.org/>



Finding help on your own

Structured documentation online (constantly evolving):

<https://www.oscar-system.org/documentation/>

If you have a guess, what a function might be called:

- ▶ enter the guessed function name with a '?' in front of it
- ▶ use tab-expansion to explore potential function names
- ▶ use '@less ' followed by a call to a function to see the code, which will be run by the command

Now its your turn!

Baby Task one:

Verify

$$\sum_{i=1}^n i = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

for at least 5 natural numbers n of your choice.

Now its your turn!

Baby Task one:

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for at least 5 natural numbers n of your choice.

Baby Task two:

Create a list of all primes up to 500 by implementing the sieve of Eratosthenes.

(i.e. successively dropping the multiplies from the list)

And yet some more!

Baby Task three:

Verify in two different ways that

$$x^7 - x = \prod_{i=0}^6 (x - i) \in \mathbb{F}_7[x].$$

And yet some more!

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Baby Task four:

Consider the Klein 4-group V as a subgroup of the symmetric group Sym_4 and verify the theorem of Lagrange

$$|Sym_4| = |Sym_4 : V| \cdot |V|$$

And yet some more!

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Baby Task four:

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By the way: what properties of V can you directly check with Oscar?